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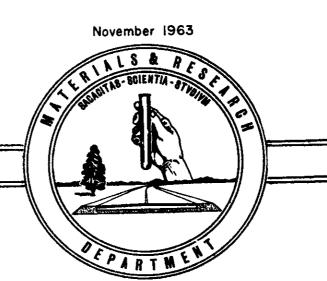
Materials & Research Dept.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

VENTILATION NOISE REDUCTION SAN JOSE STATE COLLEGE SPEECH-DRAMA BUILDING ADDITION

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Materials & Research Dept.



State of California Department of Public Works Division of Highways Materials and Research Department

November 1963

Your: AD14W09C-11

Our: W. O. S-61255

Mr. Carl C. McElvy State Architect Division of Architecture Sacramento, California

Attention: Mr. Arthur F. Dudman

Mr. O. E. Anderson Mr. C. L. Iverson

Gentlemen:

Submitted as a supplement to an earlier sound study, "San Jose State College Sound Survey of Ventilation System Noise in Speech-Drama Building Addition", dated August 9, 1961, is a report of:

VENTILATION NOISE REDUCTION

SAN JOSE STATE COLLEGE

SPEECH-DRAMA BUILDING ADDITION

Very truly yours,

JOHN L. BEATON

Materials and Research Engineer

Mato

LB:mw

INTRODUCTION

This report documents the successful attenuation of some severe ventilation noise problems at the San Jose State College Speech-Drama Building Addition. The original report made certain corrective recommendations along with predicted amounts of noise reduction that could reasonably be expected if the recommendations were adopted.

The predicted noise reduction estimates were actually surpassed because of the collective efforts by Division of Architecture personnel:

Vern W. Thornburg

Orvel Johnson

Martin Kolodzey

Direct Construction Crew

John S. Moore

Complaints are usually well documented, but their successful correction can easily go unnoticed under the pressure of new work at hand. Therefore, this brief report is offered for its informational value.

DISCUSSION

The before and after noise levels in decibels A scale (dbA) are presented along with the noise reduction achieved as compared to the original estimate in the following table:

Combared to and al-8					
LOCATION	di Ti	A BEFORE REATMENT	dba after TREATMENT	dba noise reduction	ORIGINAL ESTIMATE
Fan RoomHigh Pressure Area		99-100	89-91	15	12 to 15
Fan RoomLow Pressure Area		92-94	At Corner 76-78	16	7 to 10
			Near Walls 73-75	18	•
Inside Return Air Shaft		89 -9 0	71-72	18	8 to 11
Near Door					
Room 224 Storage Below Fan Room		57-59	44-46	13	8 to 10
Room 226 Acting and Speech		52-54	40 -42	12	8 to 9
Practice					
Room 223 Across Hall from 224		51-54	38-41	13	8 to 9
Hearing				10	6 to 8
Test Rooms:	262B	33-36	21-24	12	0 40 0
·	256	31-33	21-23	10	6 to 8
				_	

There are some remaining adjustments that should be given final attention, such as a reduction of the excessive air delivery in Rooms 231, 233, and some other rooms in the east sector along the outer wall of the building. This excessive air delivery is causing abnormal and unnecessary flutter and hiss noise at the room diffuser outlets, but should be readily correctible. When this has been done, the job will be satisfactorily completed.

The question may occur as to whether the change of the overloaded fans, or the acoustical treatment, contributed the most benefit to the noise reduction accomplishment. Both were extremely important. For example, on the low pressure side of the fan room the new fans dropped the noise by 8 dbA while the acoustical pads dropped the noise another 8 dbA at the corner near the electric panels and 10 dbA near the side wall for a total drop of 16 to 18 dbA.

In the classrooms the new fans account for about 60% of the observed noise reduction and the acoustical treatment about 40%, except for odd numbered classrooms in the east sector along the outer wall which still have excessive air delivery, as already noted.

The former classroom of most complaint, Room 226 -Acting and Speech Practice, is now only 2 dbA louder with the
fans on than it is with the fans turned off. Originally this
room was 14 dbA noisier with the fans turned on. The Division
of Architecture and the personnel directly involved will no
doubt he pleased to know the outcome of this successful noise
reduction program.